

vdp

INDEX



Q3
2025

+3.6%

All properties

Increase in property
prices persists

Overview

Market as a whole

vdp property price index

vdpResearch regularly publishes transaction-based rent and price indices on the development of the real estate markets in Germany. Fifteen sub-indices are compiled every quarter, which reflect the most important segments of the German real estate market.

It is based on transaction data (actual purchase prices and rents) supplied by over 700 banks in the German financial sector for their real estate financing business.

This provides timely and reliable market information.

vdp

Stabilization of the **German property market** continued in the third quarter of 2025. The **vdp property price index** rose by 3.6 % compared with the corresponding quarter one year earlier to stand at 183.7 points. The index was 0.7 % higher than in the second quarter of 2025.

Prices for residential properties advanced by 3.8 % year on year. Compared with the immediately preceding quarter, the index increased by 0.8 %. Once again, prices for multi-family houses saw stronger year-on-year growth (+5.2 %) than for owner-occupied homes (+2.4 %). During the same period, rents under new contracts in the residential property segment went up by 3.7 %, while returns as measured by the vdp cap rate index contracted by 1.4 %.

As in the previous quarters, in the third quarter of 2025, the vdp index for housing in the **top 7 markets** again showed a stronger price increase (+4.6 %) than the housing index for Germany as a whole. Rents under new contracts in Berlin, Cologne, Düsseldorf, Frankfurt am Main, Hamburg, Munich and Stuttgart rose by an average of 3.8 % year on year. This indicates that the housing shortage in the urban centres has worsened further.

+3.6
percent

Price change
in the German
property market
Q3 2025 to
Q3 2024

+3.8
percent

Price change
for residential property
Q3 2025 to
Q3 2024

+2.8
percent

Price change
for commercial property
Q3 2025 to
Q3 2024

Commercial property prices likewise went up in the third quarter of 2025, by 2.8 % year on year and 0.5% quarter on quarter. Compared with the corresponding quarter one year earlier, office properties recorded a stronger price increase (+3.0 %) than commercial properties (+2.2 %). Whereas rents under new contracts increased by 3.2 % for offices and by 1.9 % for retail properties year on year, returns in both segments largely remained stable.

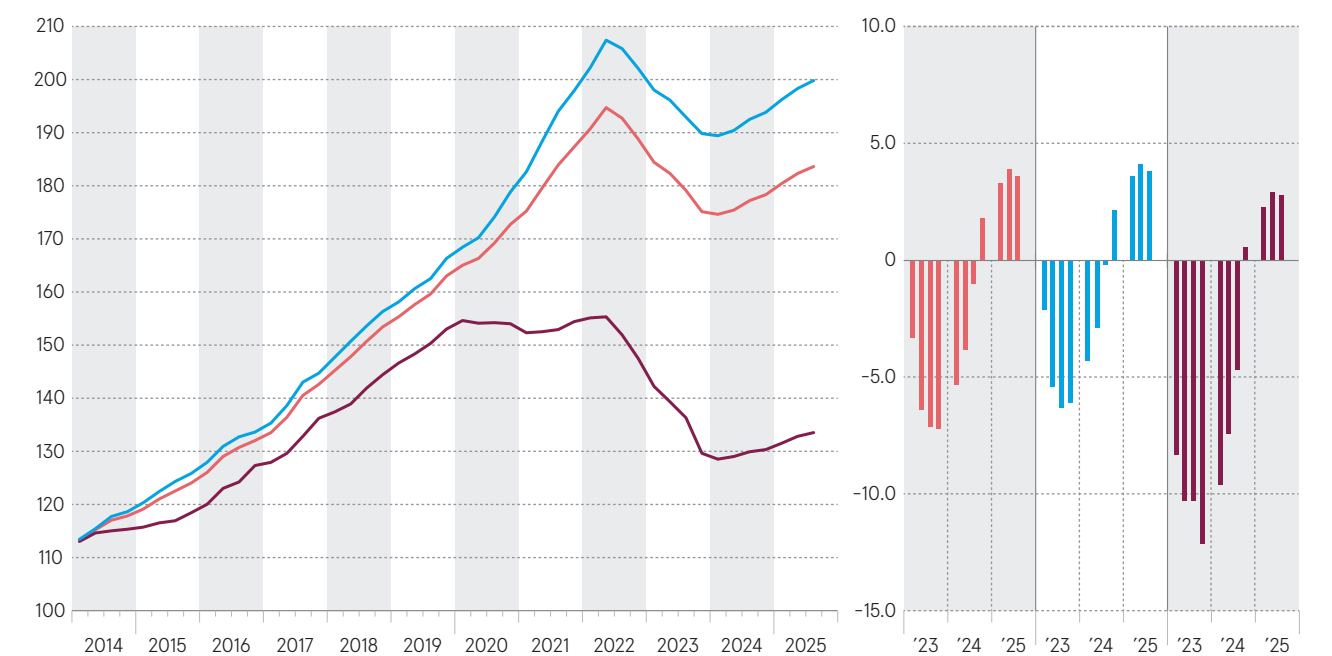
Price development	year-on-year Q3 2025 to Q3 2024	quarter-on-quarter Q3 2025 to Q2 2025
Property market as a whole	+3.6%	+0.7%
Housing in Germany	+3.8%	+0.8%
Owner-occupied housing in top 7 markets	+4.6%	+0.3%
Commercial property market	+2.8%	+0.5%
Office properties	+3.0%	+0.6%
Retail properties	+2.2%	+0.5%

Market as a whole

Increase in property prices persists

Residential/Commercial Real Estate

Index: 2010 = 100; Change to the previous year's quarter in %



+3.6%
All properties

+3.8%
Residential
properties

+2.8%
Commercial
properties

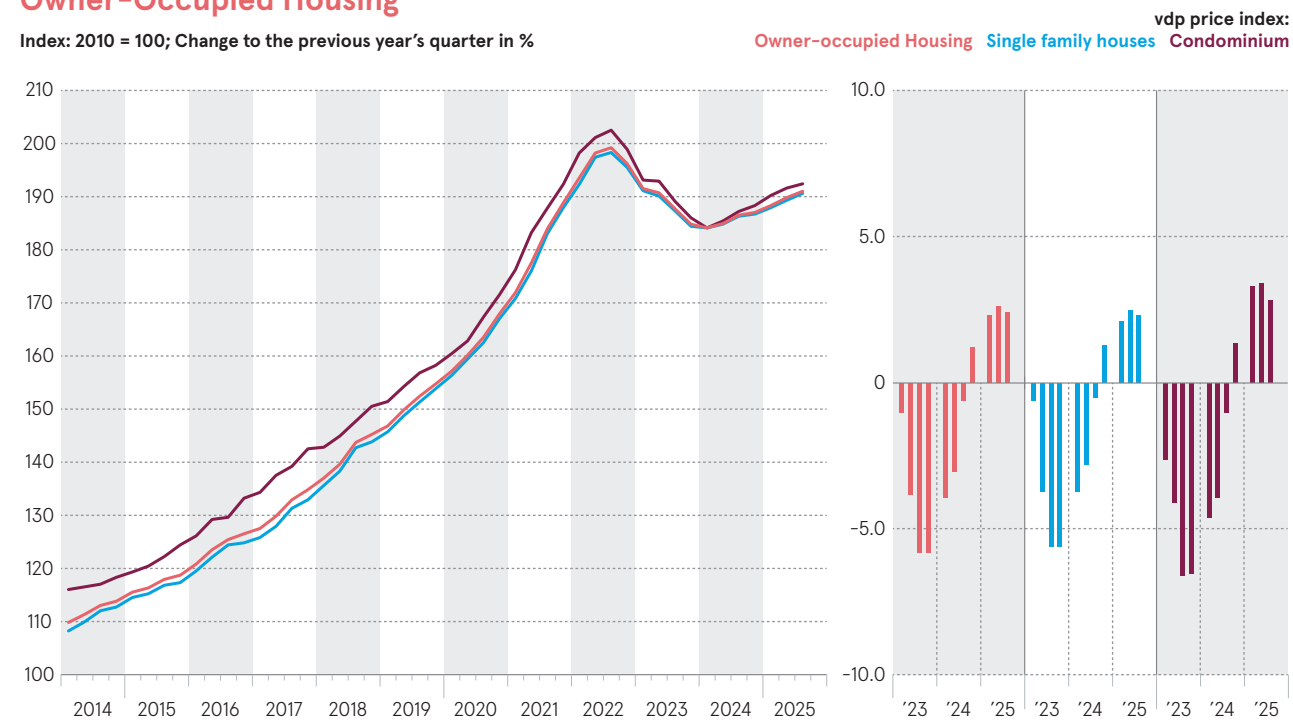
Quarter	Index 2010 = 100	y-o-y change in %	Quarter	Index 2010 = 100	y-o-y change in %	Quarter	Index 2010 = 100	y-o-y change in %
Q4 2023	175.2	-7.2	Q4 2023	189.9	-6.1	Q4 2023	129.7	-12.1
Q1 2024	174.7	-5.3	Q1 2024	189.5	-4.3	Q1 2024	128.6	-9.6
Q2 2024	175.5	-3.8	Q2 2024	190.5	-2.9	Q2 2024	129.1	-7.4
Q3 2024	177.3	-1.0	Q3 2024	192.6	-0.2	Q3 2024	130.0	-4.7
Q4 2024	178.4	1.8	Q4 2024	193.9	2.1	Q4 2024	130.4	0.5
Q1 2025	180.5	3.3	Q1 2025	196.3	3.6	Q1 2025	131.6	2.3
Q2 2025	182.4	3.9	Q2 2025	198.4	4.1	Q2 2025	132.9	2.9
Q3 2025	183.7	3.6	Q3 2025	199.9	3.8	Q3 2025	133.6	2.8

Housing Market

Owner-occupied housing: prices advance further

Owner-Occupied Housing

Index: 2010 = 100; Change to the previous year's quarter in %



+2.4 %

Owner-occupied
housing

+2.3 %

Single
family houses

+2.8 %

Condominiums

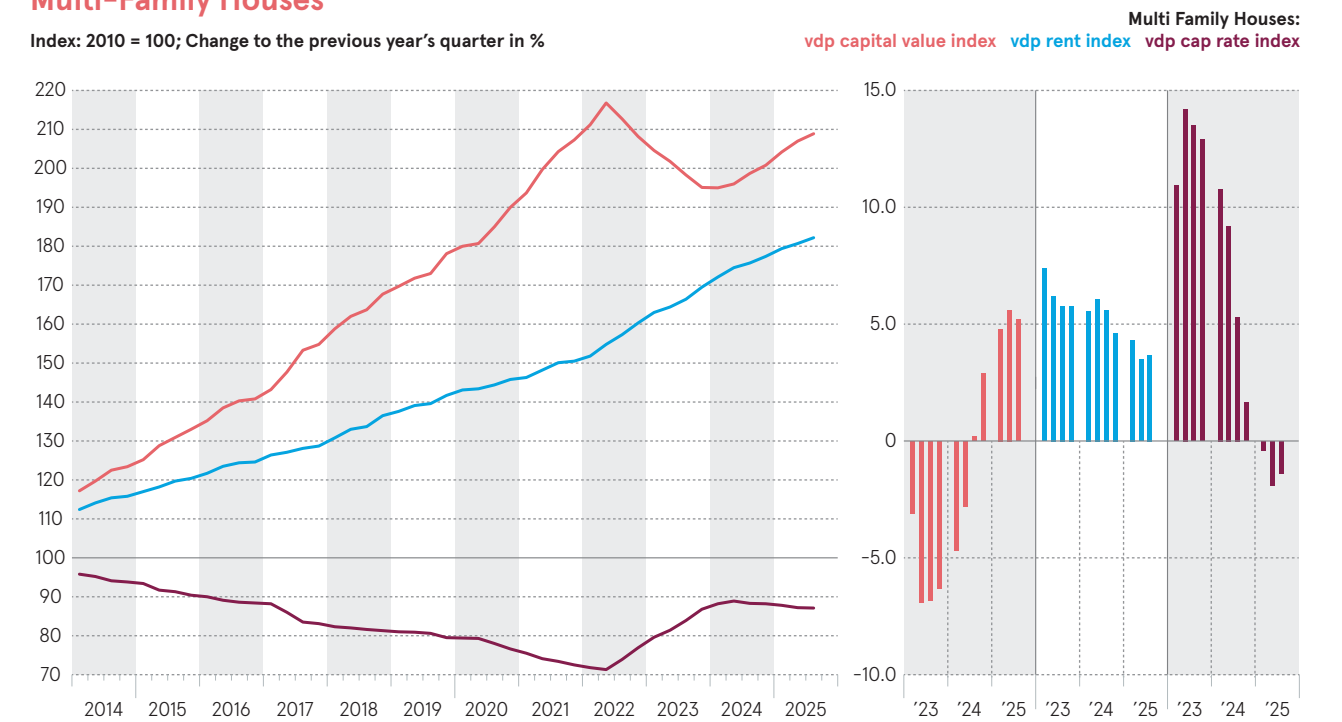
Quarter	Index 2010 = 100	y-o-y change in %	Quarter	Index 2010 = 100	y-o-y change in %	Quarter	Index 2010 = 100	y-o-y change in %
Q4 2023	184.9	-5.8	Q4 2023	184.5	-5.6	Q4 2023	186.1	-6.5
Q1 2024	184.2	-3.9	Q1 2024	184.2	-3.7	Q1 2024	184.2	-4.6
Q2 2024	185.0	-3.0	Q2 2024	184.9	-2.8	Q2 2024	185.5	-3.9
Q3 2024	186.6	-0.6	Q3 2024	186.4	-0.5	Q3 2024	187.3	-1.0
Q4 2024	187.1	1.2	Q4 2024	186.8	1.2	Q4 2024	188.4	1.3
Q1 2025	188.4	2.3	Q1 2025	188.0	2.1	Q1 2025	190.3	3.3
Q2 2025	189.9	2.6	Q2 2025	189.4	2.5	Q2 2025	191.7	3.4
Q3 2025	191.1	2.4	Q3 2025	190.7	2.3	Q3 2025	192.5	2.8

Housing Market

Multi-family houses see marked increase in prices

Multi-Family Houses

Index: 2010 = 100; Change to the previous year's quarter in %



+5.2 %

Capital value

+3.7 %

Residential rents

-1.4 %

Cap rate

Quarter	Index 2010 = 100	y-o-y change in %	Quarter	Index 2010 = 100	y-o-y change in %	Quarter	Index 2010 = 100	y-o-y change in %
Q4 2023	195.2	-6.3	Q4 2023	169.6	5.8	Q4 2023	86.9	12.9
Q1 2024	195.1	-4.7	Q1 2024	172.2	5.6	Q1 2024	88.3	10.8
Q2 2024	196.1	-2.8	Q2 2024	174.6	6.1	Q2 2024	89.0	9.2
Q3 2024	198.8	0.2	Q3 2024	175.8	5.6	Q3 2024	88.4	5.3
Q4 2024	200.9	2.9	Q4 2024	177.5	4.6	Q4 2024	88.3	1.6
Q1 2025	204.3	4.8	Q1 2025	179.5	4.3	Q1 2025	87.9	-0.4
Q2 2025	207.1	5.6	Q2 2025	180.8	3.5	Q2 2025	87.3	-1.9
Q3 2025	209.0	5.2	Q3 2025	182.3	3.7	Q3 2025	87.2	-1.4

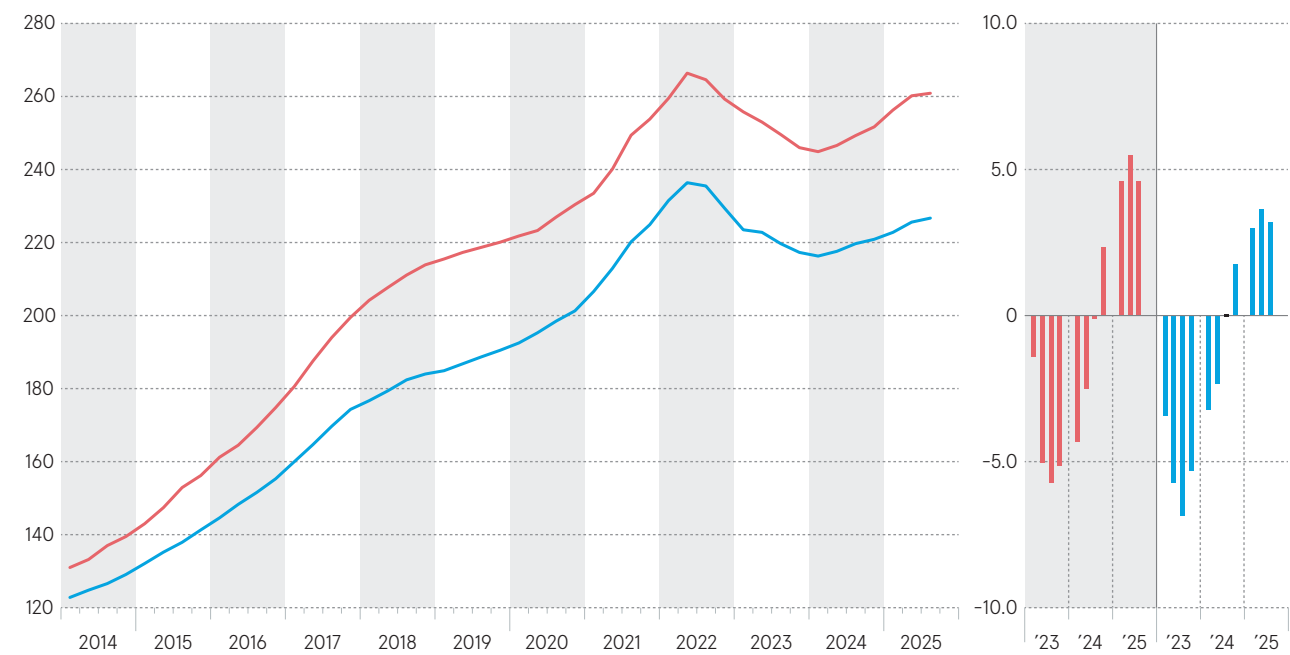
Housing Market – Top 7 Markets

Owner-occupied housing: prices still on upward trajectory

Top 7

Owner-Occupied Housing

Index: 2010 = 100; Change to the previous year's quarter in %



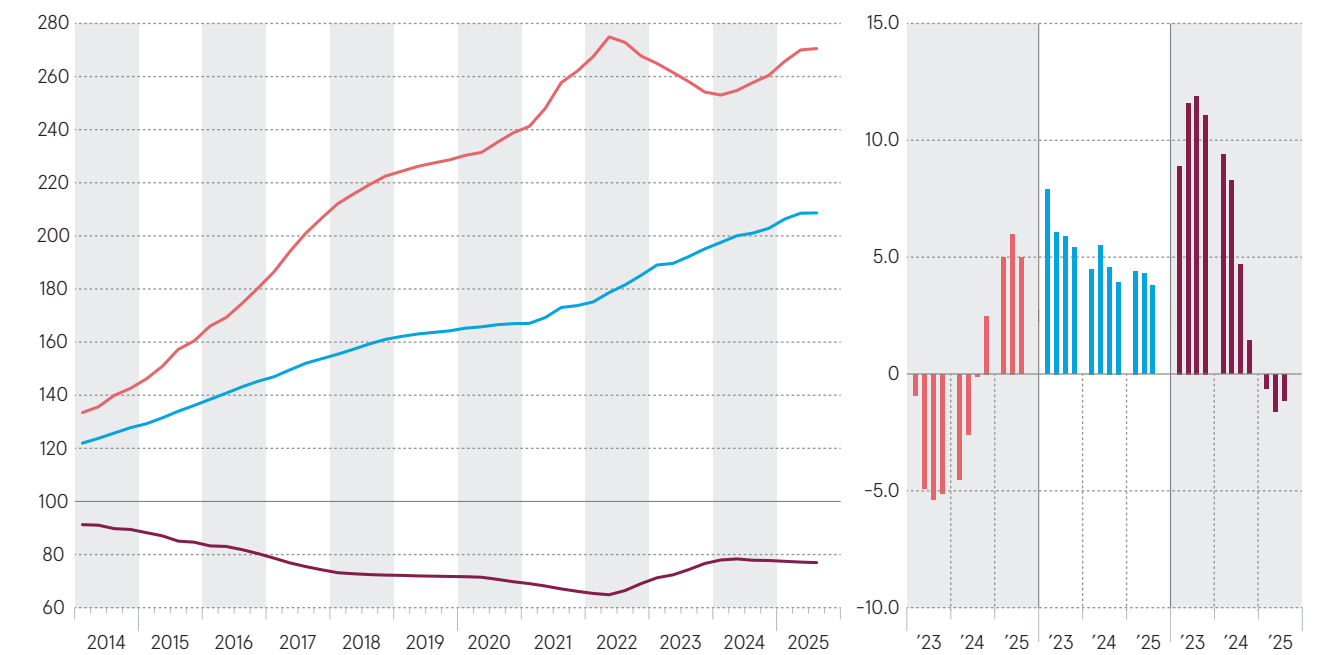
Housing Market – Top 7 Markets

Multi-family houses: rents rise by 3.8 %

Top 7

Multi-Family Houses

Index: 2010 = 100; Change to the previous year's quarter in %



+4.6 %

Residential
properties
Top 7

+3.2 %

Owner-occupied
housing
Top 7

Quarter	Index 2010 = 100	y-o-y change in %	Quarter	Index 2010 = 100	y-o-y change in %
Q4 2023	246.1	-5.1	Q4 2023	217.4	-5.3
Q1 2024	245.0	-4.3	Q1 2024	216.4	-3.2
Q2 2024	246.7	-2.5	Q2 2024	217.7	-2.3
Q3 2024	249.4	-0.1	Q3 2024	219.8	-0.0
Q4 2024	251.8	2.3	Q4 2024	221.0	1.7
Q1 2025	256.4	4.6	Q1 2025	222.9	3.0
Q2 2025	260.3	5.5	Q2 2025	225.7	3.7
Q3 2025	261.0	4.6	Q3 2025	226.8	3.2

For all the individual figures of the Top 7 cities, go to www.vdpresearch.de

+5.0 %

Capital value
Top 7

+3.8 %

Residential rents
Top 7

-1.1 %

Cap rate
Top 7

Quarter	Index 2010 = 100	y-o-y change in %	Quarter	Index 2010 = 100	y-o-y change in %	Quarter	Index 2010 = 100	y-o-y change in %
Q4 2023	254.3	-5.1	Q4 2023	195.3	5.4	Q4 2023	76.8	11.1
Q1 2024	253.2	-4.5	Q1 2024	197.7	4.5	Q1 2024	78.1	9.4
Q2 2024	254.9	-2.6	Q2 2024	200.2	5.5	Q2 2024	78.5	8.3
Q3 2024	257.9	-0.1	Q3 2024	201.2	4.6	Q3 2024	78.0	4.7
Q4 2024	260.6	2.5	Q4 2024	203.0	3.9	Q4 2024	77.9	1.4
Q1 2025	265.9	5.0	Q1 2025	206.5	4.4	Q1 2025	77.6	-0.6
Q2 2025	270.2	6.0	Q2 2025	208.7	4.3	Q2 2025	77.3	-1.6
Q3 2025	270.7	5.0	Q3 2025	208.8	3.8	Q3 2025	77.1	-1.1

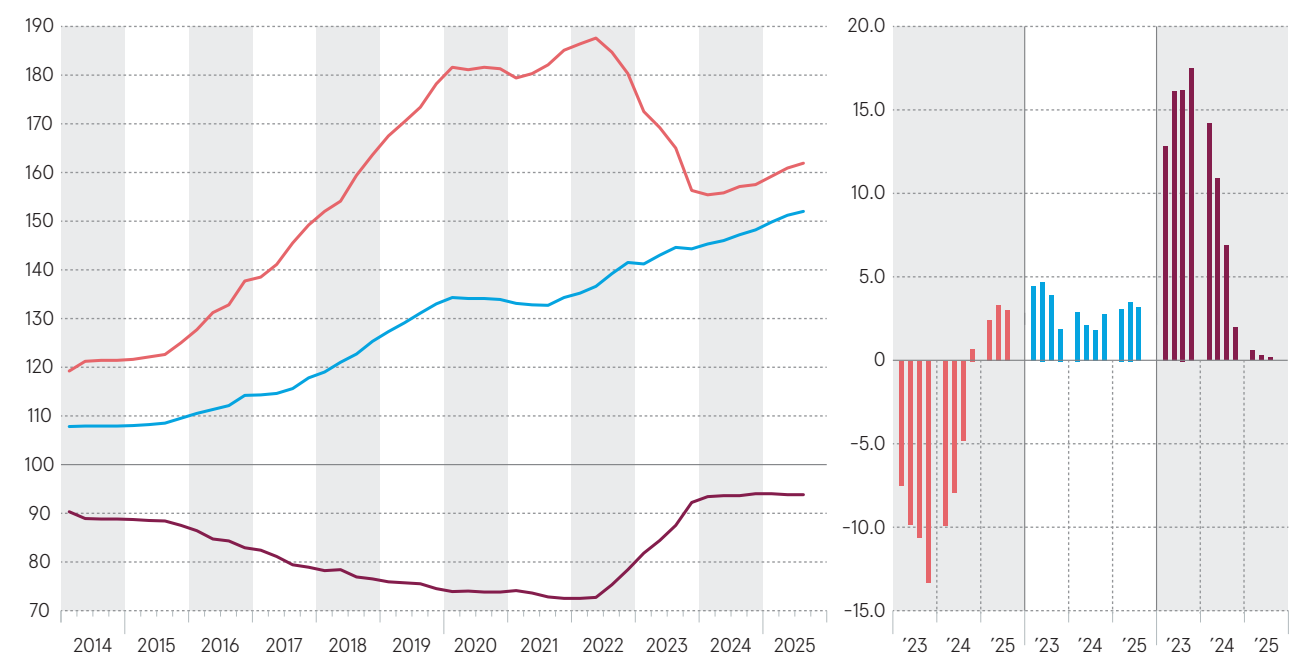
For all the individual figures of the Top 7 cities, go to www.vdpresearch.de

Commercial Property Market

Office properties show 3.2 % growth in rents

Office Properties

Index: 2010 = 100; Change to the previous year's quarter in %

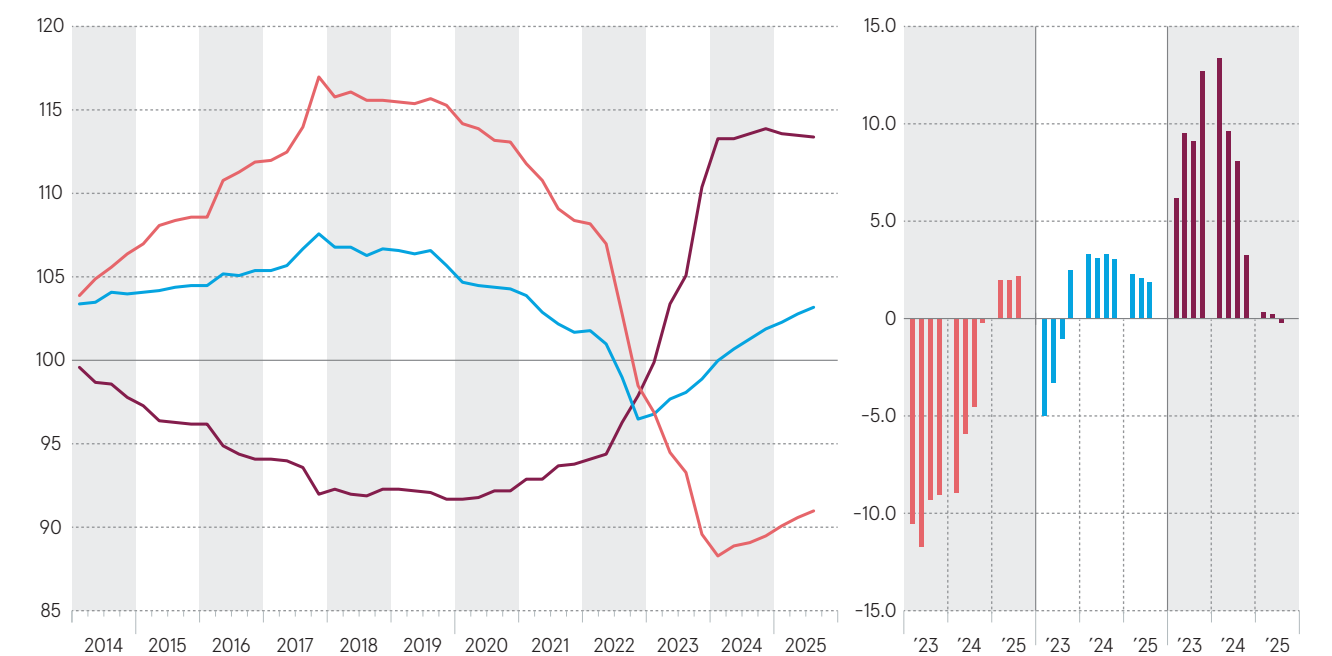


Commercial Property Market

Retail properties: prices up by 2.2 %

Retail Properties

Index: 2010 = 100; Change to the previous year's quarter in %



+3.0%
Capital value

+3.2%
Office rents

+0.2%
Cap rate

Quarter	Index 2010 = 100	y-o-y change in %	Quarter	Index 2010 = 100	y-o-y change in %	Quarter	Index 2010 = 100	y-o-y change in %
Q4 2023	156.4	-13.3	Q4 2023	144.4	1.9	Q4 2023	92.3	17.5
Q1 2024	155.5	-9.9	Q1 2024	145.4	2.9	Q1 2024	93.5	14.2
Q2 2024	155.9	-7.9	Q2 2024	146.1	2.1	Q2 2024	93.7	10.9
Q3 2024	157.2	-4.8	Q3 2024	147.3	1.8	Q3 2024	93.7	6.9
Q4 2024	157.6	0.7	Q4 2024	148.3	2.7	Q4 2024	94.1	2.0
Q1 2025	159.3	2.4	Q1 2025	149.9	3.1	Q1 2025	94.1	0.6
Q2 2025	161.0	3.3	Q2 2025	151.3	3.5	Q2 2025	93.9	0.3
Q3 2025	162.0	3.0	Q3 2025	152.1	3.2	Q3 2025	93.9	0.2

+2.2%
Capital value

+1.9%
Retail rents

-0.2%
Cap rate

Quarter	Index 2010 = 100	y-o-y change in %	Quarter	Index 2010 = 100	y-o-y change in %	Quarter	Index 2010 = 100	y-o-y change in %
Q4 2023	89.6	-9.0	Q4 2023	98.9	2.5	Q4 2023	110.4	12.7
Q1 2024	88.3	-8.9	Q1 2024	100.0	3.3	Q1 2024	113.3	13.4
Q2 2024	88.9	-5.9	Q2 2024	100.7	3.1	Q2 2024	113.3	9.6
Q3 2024	89.1	-4.5	Q3 2024	101.3	3.3	Q3 2024	113.6	8.1
Q4 2024	89.5	-0.2	Q4 2024	101.9	3.0	Q4 2024	113.9	3.2
Q1 2025	90.1	2.0	Q1 2025	102.3	2.3	Q1 2025	113.6	0.3
Q2 2025	90.6	2.0	Q2 2025	102.8	2.1	Q2 2025	113.5	0.2
Q3 2025	91.0	2.2	Q3 2025	103.2	1.9	Q3 2025	113.4	-0.2

10-Year Overview

Real Estate Market as a Whole



Market as a whole

Index: 2010 = 100

All properties			All residential properties			All commercial properties		
Year	Index	y-o-y change in %	Year	Index	y-o-y change in %	Year	Index	y-o-y change in %
2015	121.7	5.0	2015	123.3	5.9	2015	117.0	2.1
2016	129.5	6.4	2016	131.4	6.5	2016	123.7	5.8
2017	138.3	6.8	2017	140.5	6.9	2017	131.8	6.5
2018	149.4	8.0	2018	152.2	8.3	2018	140.7	6.8
2019	159.0	6.4	2019	162.0	6.5	2019	149.7	6.4
2020	168.4	5.9	2020	173.0	6.8	2020	154.3	3.1
2021	181.6	7.8	2021	190.8	10.3	2021	153.1	-0.8
2022	191.8	5.6	2022	204.5	7.2	2022	152.6	-0.4
2023	180.3	-6.0	2023	194.3	-5.0	2023	136.9	-10.2
2024	176.5	-2.1	2024	191.6	-1.4	2024	129.5	-5.4

10-Year Overview

Housing Market

Owner-Occupied Housing

Index: 2010 = 100

Owner-Occupied Housing			Single family houses			Condominiums		
Year	Index	y-o-y change in %	Year	Index	y-o-y change in %	Year	Index	y-o-y change in %
2015	117.2	4.6	2015	116.0	4.7	2015	121.7	4.0
2016	124.2	6.0	2016	122.8	5.8	2016	129.6	6.5
2017	131.4	5.8	2017	129.6	5.5	2017	138.5	6.8
2018	141.5	7.7	2018	140.2	8.2	2018	146.6	5.8
2019	151.0	6.8	2019	150.0	7.0	2019	155.2	5.9
2020	162.2	7.4	2020	161.4	7.6	2020	165.6	6.7
2021	180.6	11.3	2021	179.5	11.2	2021	185.0	11.7
2022	196.8	9.0	2022	196.0	9.2	2022	200.3	8.3
2023	188.8	-4.1	2023	188.3	-3.9	2023	190.4	-4.9
2024	185.7	-1.6	2024	185.6	-1.5	2024	186.4	-2.1

Multi-Family houses

Index: 2010 = 100

Capital value			Residential rents			Cap rate		
Year	Index	y-o-y change in %	Year	Index	y-o-y change in %	Year	Index	y-o-y change in %
2015	129.5	7.3	2015	118.9	3.9	2015	91.8	-3.2
2016	138.7	7.1	2016	123.7	4.0	2016	89.1	-2.9
2017	149.7	7.9	2017	127.7	3.2	2017	85.3	-4.3
2018	163.2	9.0	2018	133.6	4.6	2018	81.9	-4.0
2019	173.2	6.2	2019	139.6	4.5	2019	80.6	-1.6
2020	184.0	6.2	2020	144.3	3.3	2020	78.4	-2.7
2021	201.3	9.4	2021	148.9	3.2	2021	74.0	-5.7
2022	212.3	5.5	2022	156.1	4.9	2022	73.6	-0.6
2023	200.0	-5.8	2023	165.9	6.3	2023	83.0	12.9
2024	197.7	-1.2	2024	175.0	5.5	2024	88.5	6.6

10-Year Overview

Housing Market

Top 7

Owner-Occupied Housing

Index: 2010 = 100

Residential properties Top 7		
Year	Index	y-o-y change in %
2015	150.0	10.9
2016	167.6	11.7
2017	190.5	13.7
2018	209.3	9.9
2019	218.0	4.2
2020	225.7	3.5
2021	244.3	8.2
2022	262.6	7.5
2023	251.2	-4.3
2024	248.2	-1.2

Owner Occupied Housing Top 7		
Year	Index	y-o-y change in %
2015	136.7	8.6
2016	150.0	9.7
2017	167.3	11.5
2018	180.7	8.0
2019	187.8	3.9
2020	197.0	4.9
2021	216.3	9.8
2022	233.3	7.9
2023	220.9	-5.3
2024	218.7	-1.0

For all the
individual figures
of the Top 7 cities
go to

www.vdpresearch.de

Multi-Family houses

Index: 2010 = 100

Capital value Top 7		
Year	Index	y-o-y change in %
2015	153.8	11.4
2016	172.6	12.3
2017	197.1	14.2
2018	217.6	10.4
2019	226.8	4.2
2020	234.1	3.2
2021	252.3	7.8
2022	270.9	7.4
2023	259.7	-4.1
2024	256.6	-1.2

Residential rents Top 7		
Year	Index	y-o-y change in %
2015	132.8	6.3
2016	142.0	6.9
2017	150.7	6.1
2018	158.4	5.1
2019	163.4	3.1
2020	166.3	1.8
2021	170.9	2.8
2022	180.3	5.5
2023	191.7	6.3
2024	200.5	4.6

Cap rate Top 7		
Year	Index	y-o-y change in %
2015	86.4	-4.6
2016	82.3	-4.8
2017	76.5	-7.1
2018	72.8	-4.8
2019	72.1	-1.0
2020	71.0	-1.4
2021	67.8	-4.6
2022	66.6	-1.8
2023	73.8	10.9
2024	78.1	5.8

10-Year Overview

Commercial Property Market

Office Properties

Index: 2010 = 100

Capital value		
Year	Index	y-o-y change in %
2015	122.9	1.7
2016	132.4	7.7
2017	143.6	8.4
2018	157.4	9.6
2019	172.5	9.6
2020	181.5	5.2
2021	181.8	0.2
2022	184.8	1.7
2023	165.9	-10.3
2024	156.6	-5.6

Office rents		
Year	Index	y-o-y change in %
2015	108.7	0.6
2016	112.1	3.2
2017	115.7	3.2
2018	122.1	5.5
2019	130.2	6.7
2020	134.2	3.1
2021	133.3	-0.7
2022	138.2	3.7
2023	143.4	3.7
2024	146.8	2.4

Cap rate		
Year	Index	y-o-y change in %
2015	88.4	-1.1
2016	84.7	-4.2
2017	80.6	-4.9
2018	77.6	-3.7
2019	75.5	-2.7
2020	74.0	-2.1
2021	73.3	-0.8
2022	74.8	2.0
2023	86.6	15.7
2024	93.7	8.3

Retail Properties

Index: 2010 = 100

Capital value		
Year	Index	y-o-y change in %
2015	108.0	2.7
2016	110.6	2.5
2017	113.9	2.9
2018	115.8	1.7
2019	115.5	-0.2
2020	113.6	-1.7
2021	110.0	-3.1
2022	104.1	-5.4
2023	93.6	-10.2
2024	88.9	-4.9

Retail rents		
Year	Index	y-o-y change in %
2015	104.3	0.5
2016	105.0	0.7
2017	106.4	1.3
2018	106.7	0.3
2019	106.3	-0.3
2020	104.5	-1.8
2021	102.7	-1.7
2022	99.6	-3.0
2023	97.9	-1.7
2024	101.0	3.2

Cap rate		
Year	Index	y-o-y change in %
2015	96.6	-2.1
2016	94.9	-1.7
2017	93.4	-1.6
2018	92.1	-1.3
2019	92.1	-0.1
2020	92.0	-0.1
2021	93.3	1.5
2022	95.7	2.6
2023	104.7	9.4
2024	113.5	8.4

Appendix

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Methodology

Data basis

German financial institutions participating in the transaction database provide transaction details from their real estate financing business for input into the database. The database has been maintained since 2004 and provides statistically evaluable information on actual real estate transactions. Data are captured by the participating institutions in the form of appraisals of market and mortgage lending values that are prepared in the course of their mortgage lending activities. Property valuations are determined within each financial institution by certified property valuers or specially trained bank personnel. In addition to purchase price and

date of purchase, the appraisal includes information about the property’s macro and micro location, its age, layout and other price-influencing variables. In the case of certain types of property, information is also collected with regard to rental agreements and the date they were concluded. Information used to derive market and mortgage lending values is ascertained partly from submitted documentation and partly by valuers working in accordance with codified procedures. The following table provides an overview of the variables most frequently applied in the specification of individual indices for various market segments.

Variables from the vdp’s transaction database

Variable	Scaling	Änderungen
Macro location	Nominal	Districts of Germany
Micro location	Ordinal	Very good – good – average – moderate – poor – catastrophic
Living/usable space	Metric	Living or usable space m²
Plot size	Metric	Plot size of property in m²
Year built	Metric	Year property built
Layout	Ordinal	Very good – good – average – moderate – poor – catastrophic
Condition	Ordinal	Very good – good – average – moderate – poor – catastrophic
Saleability	Ordinal	Very good – good – average – moderate – poor – catastrophic
Sub-property type	Nominal	Division of market segment into sub-segments
Purchase price	Metric	Purchase price of property in Euros
Rent	Metric	Monthly contractual rent in Euros per m²

Substantive definitions of individual variables are coordinated with financial institutions via the contractual relationship between them and the vdp. In addition, property valuation in Germany is subject to strict regulations, which ensure that the valuation processes of individual institutions are harmonised to the greatest extent possible, especially as a result of the Verordnung über die Grundsätze für die Ermittlung der Verkehrswerte von Grundstücken (Regulation on the Principles for Determining the Market Value of Property – abbreviated to

ImmoWertV) and the Beleihungswertermittlungsverordnung (Regulation on the Determination of the Mortgage Lending Value – abbreviated to BelWertV). Because the purchase prices and significant price-influencing characteristics of individual properties are determined in a uniform manner and because they are input into a uniform database structure, it is possible to analyse the data with the help of complex statistical procedures.

Calculation

As a result of the distinct heterogeneity of real estate properties and in order to be able to measure pure price changes, it is necessary to take account of the varying quality of the properties concerned when measuring prices. Various procedures exist which take explicit account of the differences in the quality of individual properties in order to be able to measure pure price changes.

All vdp real estate indices are calculated by making use of so-called hedonic models. The hedonic model is based on the idea that heterogeneous commodities can be described by reference to their characteristics. In other words, a commodity can be represented as the sum of its characteristics. With regard to real estate, this means that this set of attributes might include, for example, details of physical characteristics such as plot size, living area, year built and details as to the property’s location. Each of these named attributes has a specific influence on the price of the property, but there is no market for the attributes themselves; they cannot be sold separately and therefore cannot be viewed in isolation. It is possible, nonetheless, implicitly to determine the proportion of the overall price of the property which each individual attribute makes up by examining real estate supply and demand. Multivariate regression models are used for this purpose, helping to provide a statistical estimate of the marginal contribution of each attribute. It is assumed that the model incorporates all relevant attributes and that deviations occur simply by coincidence and are not indicative of any systematic structures.

Weighting

The overall index is the weighted arithmetical average of the various price indices for residential and commercial real estate. The weightings used correspond to the share of monetary turnover in the German real estate market constituted respectively by residential and commercial real estate. Based on details provided by valuer committees (Gutachterausschüsse), these averaged 75.6 % and 24.4 %, respectively, between 2007 and 2012.

The weights used correspond with the percentage share of households in Germany living in their own home. For the year 2011 this share stood at 50.7 %. Accordingly, 49.3 % lived in a rented dwelling. The weights were derived on the basis of the building and housing census conducted by the Federal Statistical Office in 2011. The price index for owner-occupied housing is calculated as a weighted arithmetic mean of the percentage of households living in their own single-family house or condominium. In 2011 these shares amounted to 79.7 % for single-family houses and 20.3 % for condominiums.

For the commercial property price index, the weightings attributable to the office property capital value index and the retail property capital value index correspond to the proportion of loans in the accounts of Pfandbrief Banks that were granted to these two categories. The figures for office property and retail property amount to 60 % and 40 %, respectively.

Top 7 residential properties

The top 7 residential property indices are calculated analogously to the calculation for the vdp’s nationwide property price indices. The indices are estimated separately for each of the cities on the basis of the transaction database. Then, the seven individual indices of the relevant market segment are aggregated according to the respective shares to form a top 7 index. For more information, please visit the website of vdpResearch.

Base year

The base year for the indices is 2010.

Publication

All vdp real estate price indices are published on a quarterly basis. Each year's first quarter index figures are published on 10 May of the same year (six weeks after the end of the quarter under review).

Other publication dates are as follows:

- 10 August, 2nd quarter
- 10 November, 3rd quarter
- 10 February of the following year, 4th quarter (including figures for the year as a whole)

The index figures are released at 8:30 a.m. on the respective publication dates. Where the publication date falls on a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday, the index figures are published on the next working day at 8:30 a.m.

The accompanying press releases are published in German and English on the websites of the Verband deutscher Pfandbriefbanken e. V. (vdp) www.pfandbrief.de and vdpResearch GmbH www.vdpresearch.de.

Liability disclaimer

The data and information contained in this publication are based on the transaction database, which we regard as reliable. However, we are unable to guarantee the accuracy and completeness of the data. All opinions expressed reflect the current assessment of vdpResearch GmbH. No warranty is given with regard to the content of these opinions and prognoses. In particular, no liability can be assumed for future economic and technical developments. Data and information contained in this publication can change in the future without prior notice.

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The member institutions of the **Association of German Pfandbrief Banks** (Verband deutscher Pfandbriefbanken, vdp) have been the market leaders in commercial real estate finance in Germany and hold sizeable market shares in residential real estate finance as well. As the representative of its member banks, the vdp performs this function vis-à-vis all executive bodies of politics on both the national and the European stage and a wider public.

The vdp's know-how is tailored towards the specific interests of the Pfandbrief issuers, namely, the Pfandbrief business and the underlying business fields property finance, public-sector lending, ship and aircraft finance. The vdp assists its member banks also in regulatory matters and represents them vis-à-vis national regulatory authorities. By means of group governance, member institutions exchange information and experiences in vdp committees, which are then summarized and developed into market standards. The vdp also assists its member banks in the efficient structuring of their specialized loan or issuance businesses.

Scientific editing

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vdpResearch GmbH, a subsidiary of the Association of German Pfandbrief Banks (vdp), works intensively on compiling, analyzing and forecasting property prices in the context of real estate finance. Its remit includes measuring and forecasting trends in rents and prices in the residential and commercial property sectors at the regional and national level.

To measure the movements of rents and prices, vdpResearch makes use of a unique transaction database that is also used to provide property-related comparative prices, comparative rents and other valuation parameters. These parameters are central to specially developed software solutions for valuing standard and individual properties and are fully compliant with regulations governing market and property valuation.

Today, the products and services of vdpResearch are a key component for many credit institutions in the evaluation and assessment of property and market price risks. The nationwide property price indices that vdpResearch prepares for the Association of German Pfandbrief Banks are geared to an interested public and offer an overview of general price trends in Germany's real estate markets.

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